

Suggested links to support [FLORIDA TEACHER STANDARDS FOR ESOL ENDORSEMENT](#) (2010)

DOMAIN 1: CULTURE (Cross-Cultural Communications)

Standard 1: Culture as a Factor in ELLs' Learning

*Teachers will know and apply **understanding of theories** related to the effect of culture in language learning and school achievement for ELLs from diverse backgrounds.*

*Teachers will identify and understand the **nature and role of culture**, cultural groups, and individual cultural identities.*

Indicators:

- 1.1.a. Understand and apply knowledge about cultural values and beliefs in the context of teaching and learning of ELLs, from diverse backgrounds and at varying English proficiency levels.
- 1.1.b. Understand and apply knowledge of concepts of cultural competence, particularly knowledge about how cultural identities affect learning and academic progress for students from diverse backgrounds and at varying English proficiency levels.
- 1.1.c. Use a range of resources in learning about the cultural experiences of ELLs and their families to guide curriculum development and instruction.
- 1.1.d. Understand and apply knowledge about the effects of racism, stereotyping, and discrimination in teaching and learning of ELLs from diverse backgrounds and at varying English proficiency levels.
- 1.1.e. Understand and apply knowledge about home/school connections to build partnerships with ELLs' families (e.g., Parent Leadership Councils (PLC)).
- 1.1.f. Understand and apply knowledge about concepts related to the interrelationship between language and culture for students from diverse backgrounds and at varying English proficiency levels.

Domain 1 Links:

[Addressing ELs' Language Learning and Special Education Needs: Questions and Considerations](#) Colorin Colorado (2015) By: K.

Robertson, K. Sanchez-Lopez, L. Breiseth

[Historical Methods of ESL](#), Brett Richards (Power Point Presentation)

[Immersion – A Short Fiction Film](#) by R. Levien (12:23 minutes) *Moises, a 10-year-old boy, who immigrated to California from Mexico does not speak English well. He is good at math and wants to do well on his first math test in the U.S. The film shows the experience of an EL who cannot understand his teacher and puts into perspective the debate on training teachers.*

[Interactive Map: Listen to Voices of Diversity](#) - Listen to the pronunciation around the world by Matt Burgess and David Ding (Tap on colored country to hear the speech; click on person on right column to hear pronunciation.)

[Operationalizing Culturally Responsive Instruction: Preliminary Findings of CRIOP Research](#) by R. Powell, S.C. Cantrell, V. Malo-Juvera, and P. Correll (2016). A research study to determine if teachers increase their use of culturally responsive practices when they participate in CRIOP professional development. The results are positive toward culturally responsive instruction (CRIOP) with challenges in implementing such as student relationships, faculty collaboration, and assessment practices.

[Resources for Immigrant Students](#), American Federation of Teachers (AFT)

[Second and Foreign Language Teaching Methods](#), J. K. Mora

[The Gift of Home Language](#) (5:13min)

[The History of ESL Methods and Approaches](#), Presenta Board, Piktochart Infographics Editor

DOMAIN 2: LANGUAGE AND LITERACY (Applied Linguistics)

Standard 1: Language as a System

Teachers will demonstrate understanding of language as a system, including phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics; support ELLs' acquisition of English to learn and to read, write, and communicate orally in English.

Indicators:

- 2.1.a. Demonstrate knowledge of the components of language and understanding of language as an integrative and communicative system.
- 2.1.b. Apply knowledge of phonology (the sound system), morphology (the structure of words), syntax (phrase and sentence structure), semantics (word/sentence meaning), and pragmatics (the effect of context on language) to support ELLs' development of listening, speaking, reading, and writing (including spelling) skills in English.
- 2.1.c. Demonstrate knowledge of rhetorical and discourse structures as applied to second language and literacy learning.
- 2.1.d. Demonstrate proficiency in English and model for ELLs the use of appropriate forms of English for different purposes.
- 2.1.e. Identify similarities and differences between English and other languages reflected in the ELL student population.

Standard 2: Language Acquisition and Development

Teachers will understand & apply theories & research on second language acquisition & development to support ELLs' learning.

Indicators:

- 2.2.a. Demonstrate understanding of current and past theories and research in second language acquisition and bilingualism as applied to ELLs from diverse backgrounds and at varying English proficiency levels.
- 2.2.b. Recognize the importance of ELLs' home languages and language varieties and build on these skills as a foundation for learning English.
- 2.2.c. Understand and apply knowledge of sociocultural, sociopolitical, and psychological variables to facilitate ELLs' learning of English.
- 2.2.d. Understand and apply knowledge of the role of individual learner variables in the process of learning English as a second language.

Standard 3: Second Language Literacy Development

Teachers will demonstrate an understanding of the components of literacy and will understand and apply theories of second language literacy development to support ELLs' learning.

Indicators:

- 2.3.a. Understand and apply current theories of second language reading and writing development for ELLs from diverse backgrounds and at varying English proficiency levels.
- 2.3.b. Demonstrate understanding of similarities and differences between L1 (home language) and L2 (second language) literacy development.
- 2.3.c. Demonstrate understanding of how L1 literacy influences L2 literacy development and apply this to support ELLs' learning.
- 2.3.d. Understand and apply knowledge of sociocultural, sociopolitical, and psychological variables to facilitate ELLs' L2 literacy development in English.
- 2.3.e. Understand and apply knowledge of how principles of phonology, morphology, syntax,

semantics, and discourse affect L2 reading and writing development.

Domain 2 Links:

[Characteristics of Language](#) (includes a YouTube explanation 11:27 min))

[ESOL Training for Pre-Service Teachers](#), USF

Tapestry

[I Love Lucy- Pronunciation of 'ough' You Tube](#)

(3:05 min)[Interlanguage](#)

[IPA Vowel Sounds](#)

[Language: Definition, Nature, and Characteristics](#) (Power Point Presentation)

[Language Differences with English](#) (resource to understand linguistic interferences from ELs based on culture/language background)

[Learner English](#) Swain & Smith (resource on linguistic interferences from ELs based on culture/language background)

[Project DELTA](#) – UF (Videos 1 and 2)

[TEDx Talk: Why We Struggle with Languages](#) YouTube video (16:27) of polyglot Gabriel Wyner explaining how we learn languages and the importance of memory.

[The Application of Linguistics](#) This two-part article introduces the study of linguistics and its connections to the teaching of English as a second language.

[The Birth of a Word](#) – Deb Roy (19:52 min)

[What is Special About Language?](#) Noam Chomsky (1:45hrs) Noam Chomsky, a world-renowned linguist, intellectual and political activist lectured at the University of Arizona on Feb. 7, 2012, on "What is Special About Language?"

[WIDA](#) Academic language development, standards, proficiency levels used by U.S. states.

DOMAIN 3: METHODS OF TEACHING ENGLISH TO SPEAKERS OF OTHER LANGUAGES (ESOL)

Standard 1: ESL/ESOL Research and History

Teachers will demonstrate knowledge of history, public policy, research, and current practices in the field of ESL/ESOL teaching and apply this knowledge to improve teaching and learning for ELLs.

Indicators:

3.1.a. Demonstrate knowledge of L2 teaching methods in their historical context.

3.1.b. Demonstrate awareness of current research relevant to best practices in second language and literacy instruction.

3.1.c. Demonstrate knowledge of the evolution of laws and policy in the ESL profession, including program models for ELL instruction.

Standard 2: Standards-Based ESL and Content Instruction

Teachers will know, manage, and implement a variety of teaching strategies and techniques for developing and integrating ELLs' English listening, speaking, reading, and writing skills. The teacher will support ELLs' access to the core curriculum by teaching language through academic content.

Indicators:

3.2. a. Organize learning around standards-based content and language learning objectives for students from diverse backgrounds and at varying English proficiency levels.

3.2.b. Develop ELLs' L2 listening skills for a variety of academic and social purposes.

- 3.2.c. Develop ELLs' L2 speaking skills for a variety of academic and social purposes.
- 3.2.d. Provide standards-based instruction that builds upon ELLs' oral English to support learning to read and write in English.
- 3.2.e. Provide standards-based reading instruction appropriate for ELLs from diverse backgrounds and varying proficiency levels.
- 3.2.f. Provide standards-based writing instruction appropriate for ELLs from diverse backgrounds and varying proficiency levels.
- 3.2.g. Develop ELLs' writing through a range of activities, from sentence formation to expository writing.
- 3.2.h. Collaborate with stakeholders to advocate for ELLs' equitable access to academic instruction (through traditional resources and instructional technology).
- 3.2.i. Use appropriate listening, speaking, reading, and writing activities in teaching ELLs from diverse backgrounds and at varying English proficiency levels.
- 3.2.j. Incorporate activities, tasks, and assignments that develop authentic uses of the second language and literacy to assist ELLs in learning academic vocabulary and content-area material.
- 3.2.k. Provide instruction that integrates listening, speaking, reading, and writing for ELLs of diverse backgrounds and varying English proficiency levels.

Standard 3: Effective Use of Resources and Technologies

Teachers will be familiar with & be able to select, adapt & use a wide range of standards-based materials, resources, and technologies.

Indicators:

- 3.3.a. Use culturally responsive/sensitive, age-appropriate, and linguistically accessible materials for ELLs of diverse backgrounds and varying English proficiency levels.
- 3.3.b. Use a variety of materials and other resources, including L1 resources, for ELLs to develop language and content-area skills.
- 3.3.c. Use technological resources (e.g., Web, software, computers) to enhance language and content-area instruction for ELLs of diverse backgrounds and varying English proficiency levels.

Domain 3 Links:

[ESSA explained](#) In Education Week: The Every Student Succeeds Act rolls back much of the federal government's big footprint in education policy, on everything from testing and teacher quality to low-performing schools.

[Every Student Succeeds Act \(ESSA\) and ELs](#) W. Wright, Purdue University. YouTube: (19:26 min.) NCLB was replaced by ESSA as the reauthorization of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. Dr. Wayne E. Wright, Purdue University, addresses how this federal education policy is different, and discusses the implications for English language learners.

[Taking Stock of ESSA's Potential Impact on Immigrant and English-Learner Students](#) A webinar by M. McHugh and D. Pompa, Education Policy, MPI.

[Florida Department of Education](#)

[How educators can advocate for English language learners: All in!](#) National Education Association

[What does ESSA mean for ELs?](#)

DOMAIN 4: ESOL CURRICULUM AND MATERIALS DEVELOPMENT

Standard 1: Planning for Standards-Based Instruction of ELLs

Teachers will know, understand, and apply concepts, research, best practices, and evidenced-based strategies to plan classroom instruction in a supportive learning environment for ELLs.

The teacher will plan for multilevel classrooms with learners from diverse backgrounds using a standards based ESOL curriculum.

Indicators:

- 4.1.a. Plan for integrated standards based ESOL and language sensitive content instruction.
- 4.1.b. Create supportive, accepting, student-centered classroom environments.
- 4.1.c. Plan differentiated learning experiences based on assessment of students' English and L1 proficiency and integrating ELLs' culturalbackground knowledge, learning styles, and prior formal educational experiences.
- 4.1.d. Plan learning tasks for needs of students with limited formal schooling (LFS).
- 4.1.e. Plan for instruction that embeds assessment, includes scaffolding, and provides re-teaching when necessary, for individuals and smallgroups to successfully meet English language and literacy learning objectives.

Standard 2: Instructional Resources and Technology

Teachers will know, select, and adapt a wide range of standards-based materials, resources, and technologies.

Indicators:

- 4.2.a. Select and adapt culturally responsive/sensitive, age-appropriate, and linguistically accessible materials.
- 4.2.b. Select and adapt a variety of materials and other resources including L1 resources, appropriate to ELLs' developing English languageand literacy.
- 4.2.c. Select technological resources (e.g., Web, software, computers, and related media) to enhance instruction for ELLs of diverse backgrounds and at varying English proficiency levels.

Domain 4 Links:

[Adopt a Strategy](#)

[One, Two, Three Close Reading Videos](#)

[Colorín Colorado provides lesson plans](#) and discussion guides for teachers of ELs

[Double Entry Journal Strategy](#) – You Tube by *M. Fanelli*

[Effective Teaching Strategies for ELs](#) A resource of videos, tools, and strategies for ELs.

[Language Teaching Approaches: An Overview](#) by *M. Celce-Murcia*

[Lesson Planet](#)

[SIOP/Sheltered Instruction](#) Making Content Comprehensible

[Overrepresentation: An Overview of the Issues Surrounding the Identification of English Language Learners with Learning Disabilities](#)

E. Sanatullova-Allison, V. A. Robison-Young, International Journal of Special Education (2016)

[Resources for working with English learners in the Classroom](#)

Activities and resources to support the learning of English learners beginning in preschool.

[SIOP Lesson Planning and Preparation Supporting ELs in the Mainstream Classroom](#)

[Think-Pair-Share Strategy](#)-YouTube

[50 Essential Resources for ELs](#) (Grammar, Spelling, Pronunciation, Vocabulary, Pod Casts, YouTube Videos)

DOMAIN 5: ASSESSMENT (ESOL Testing and Evaluation)

Standard 1: Assessment Issues for ELLs

Teachers will understand and apply knowledge of assessment issues as they affect the learning of ELLs from diverse backgrounds and at varying English proficiency levels. Examples include cultural and linguistic bias; testing in two languages;

sociopolitical and psychological factors; special education testing and assessing giftedness; the importance of standards; the difference between formative and summative assessment; and the difference between language proficiency and other types of assessment (e.g., standardized achievement tests). Teachers will also understand issues around accountability. This includes the implications of standardized assessment as opposed to performance-based assessments, and issues of accommodations in formal testing situations.

Indicators:

5.1.a. Demonstrate an understanding of the purposes of assessment as they relate to ELLs of diverse backgrounds and at varying English proficiency levels.

5.1.b. Identify a variety of assessment procedures appropriate for ELLs of diverse backgrounds and at varying English proficiency levels.

5.1.c. Demonstrate an understanding of appropriate and valid language and literacy assessments for ELLs of diverse backgrounds and at varying English proficiency levels.

5.1.d. Demonstrate understanding of the advantages and limitations of assessments, including the array of accommodations allowed for ELLs of diverse backgrounds and at varying English proficiency levels.

5.1.e. Distinguish among ELLs' language differences, giftedness, and special education needs.

Standard 2: Language Proficiency Assessment

Teachers will appropriately use and interpret a variety of language proficiency assessment instruments to meet district, state, and federal guidelines, and to inform their instruction. Teachers will understand their uses for identification, placement, and demonstration of language growth of ELLs from diverse backgrounds and at varying English proficiency levels. Teachers will articulate the appropriateness of ELL assessments to stakeholders.

Indicators:

5.2.a. Understand and implement district, state, and federal requirements for identification, reclassification, and exit of ELLs from language support programs, including requirements of the LULAC Consent Decree.

5.2.b. Identify and use a variety of assessment procedures for ELLs of diverse backgrounds and varying English proficiency levels.

5.2.c. Use multiple sources of information to assess ELLs' language and literacy skills and communicative competence.

Standard 3: Classroom-Based Assessment for ELLs

Teachers will identify, develop, and use a variety of standards- and performance-based, formative, and summative assessment tools and techniques to inform instruction and assess student learning. Teachers will understand their uses for identification, placement, and demonstration of language growth of ELLs from diverse backgrounds and at varying English proficiency levels. Teachers will articulate the appropriateness of ELL assessments to stakeholders.

Indicators:

5.3.a. Use performance-based assessment tools and tasks that measure ELLs' progress in English language and literacy development.

5.3.b. Understand and use criterion-referenced assessments appropriately with ELLs from diverse backgrounds and at varying English proficiency levels.

5.3.c. Use various tools and techniques to assess content-area learning (e.g., math, science, social studies) for ELLs at varying levels of English language and literacy development.

5.3.d. Prepare ELLs to use self- and peer-assessment techniques, when appropriate.

5.3.e. Assist ELLs in developing necessary test-taking skills.

5.3. f. ELLs' language and literacy development in classroom settings using a variety of authentic assessments, e.g., portfolios, checklists, and rubrics.

Domain 5 Links:

[*Innovative Solutions for Including Recently Arrived ELs in State Accountability Systems: A Guide for States*](#)

This guide provides states with suggested research-based and evidence-based guidelines for developing recently arrived ELs accountability model that is grounded in a state's theory of action.

[*Office of English Language Acquisition \(OELA\)*](#)

[WIDA Resource Library](#)

[WIDA Access for ELLs](#)